

KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA		المملكة العربية السعودية
King Saud University		جامعة الملك سعود
Deanship of Common First Year		عمادة السنة الأولى المشتركة
Department of Basic Sciences		قسم العلوم الأساسية

Syllabus and Contents of Course for **Second Semester 1442**

Course Name: Introduction to Probability and Statistics.

Credit Hours: 3 hours

Course Number: Stat 101

Actual Hours: 4 hours

Course Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Hamid Al-Oklah

Office: 2469

E-mail: stat140@cfy.ksu.edu.sa

Phone: 94582

Textbook: Introduction to Probability and Statistics, **Fourth Edition, 2020.**

Authors: Abouammoh A., Sultan K., Kayid M. and Sharahili M.

Some References:

- 1-Nicholas, Jackie. Introduction to Descriptive Statistics. Mathematics Learning Centre, University of Sydney, 1990.
- 2-Samules, M.L., Witmer, J.A and Schaffner, A., Statistics for the Life Sciences. Fourth edition, Pearson, New York, 2012.
- 3-Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H. and Myers, S.L. and Ye, K., Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Ninth Edition, Prentice, New York, 2012.

Goals: In this course

- a) The student will be able to understand some statistical concepts and use them.
- b) The student will be able to classify the variables and data into quantitative and qualitative.
- c) The student will be able to compute some measurements of central tendency, determine some position measurements and their representation on Box Plot diagram.
- d) The student will be able to compute some measurements of dispersion, determine some measurements which are used to compare the variation between two (or more) sets.
- e) The student will be able to determine the space of elementary events of some random experiment, compute the probability of events which depend on a random experiment, understand conditional probability, using the total probability formula and Bayes formula in probability calculation.
- f) The student will be able to understand the concept of the random variable and its probability distribution, types of the random variables, computing the mean and standard deviation of a discrete random variable, the meaning of a continuous random variable, understanding applications of uniform, exponential and normal distributions.
- g) The student will be able to understand the concept of point and interval estimation for a parameter of a population, determine the confidence interval for a parameter of a population, understand the concept of the test hypothesis and perform tests for parametric hypotheses.
- h) The student will be able to calculate Pearson's simple linear correlation coefficient, determine the straight line regression (type Y on X) according to the least square method.

Course Schedule and Contents:

Chapter	Week	Section	Examples	Exercises for Students
Chapter One DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS	Week 1	Explanation of the Crocker plan for the course 1.0- Introduction. 1.1- Basic Concepts and Definitions.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6-a-b, 7, 8-a-b-c-d, 9, 10, 11, 13-a-b, 25-a-b, 26-a-b, 27.
	Week 2	1.2- Organizing the Data. 1.3- Graphical Representation of the Data	All examples	
	Week 3	1.4- Measures of Central Tendency	All examples	6-c, 8-e, 12, 13-c, 14, 15-a-b, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 25-c.
	Week 4	1.4- Percentiles, Deciles, ... up to the end of section 1.4.	All examples	
	Week 5	1.5- Measures of dispersion, Coefficient of Variation and z-scores.	All Contents	
Chapter Two PROBABILITY	Week 6	2.1- Mathematical Concepts. 2.2- Definitions and Concepts in Probability Calculus.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 18.
	Week 7	2.3- Concept of Probability Function.	All examples	
		2.4- Conditional Probability and Independence of Events.	All examples	14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.
Chapter Three RANDOM VARIABLES AND PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS	Week 8	3.1- Concept of Random Variables and Their Distributions. 3.2- Discrete Random Variables and Their Distributions.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 29, 30, 31, 32, .
	Week 9	Follow up to the paragraph: Discrete Random Variables and Their Distributions. 3.3- Continuous Random Variables and Their Distributions.	All examples	
	Week 10	Follow up to the paragraph: Continuous Random Variables and Their Distributions.	All examples	
Chapter Four INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICAL INFERENCE	Week 11	4.1- Definitions and Concepts 4.2- Estimation of the Population Mean.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 25, 26, 27.
	Week 12	4.3- Estimation of the Population Proportion. 4.4- Introduction to Hypotheses Testing.	All examples	
	Week 13	4.5- Hypotheses Testing for the Population Mean.	All examples	16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28.
	Week 14	4.6- Hypotheses Testing for the Population Proportion.	All examples	
Chapter Five CORRELATION AND REGRESSION	Week 15	5.1- Linear Correlation Coefficient. 5.2- Simple Linear Regression.	All examples	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26.

Important Instructions:

- 1- Absence shall be counted from the first day until the last day preceding the final exams for the semester.
- 2- If the student delayed more than ten minutes of the lecture is absent, and if the presence during the first ten minutes register late.
- 3- The student is deprived of the final exam if the percentage of absenteeism exceeded **25%** of the hours of attendance approved for teaching.
- 4- The student is evaluated during the semester based on:
 - a) The result of one midterm exam, with a score of **30** degrees,
 - b) The result of two home works, each with a score of **10** degrees (total **20** degrees),
 - c) The final test result, with a score of **50**.